The North Carolinian.

VOL III FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1864. NO. 229

THE FLOWERS COLLECTION

THE
NORTH CAROLINIAN
BY
P. J. SINCLAIR.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is served to subscribers in town at ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per week in advance, payable to the Carriers weekly.

Single copies TWENTY FIVE CENTS.

PRICE FOR MAILING.

Single copies 25 cents. Six months TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS. Three months, FIFTEEN DOLLARS.

One month THREE DOLLARS.

The "INTELLIGENCER," a weekly four paged newspaper, published at this office, is mailed to subscribers at FIVE DOLLARS for six months. Three months THREE DOLLARS—Strictly in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements for the CAROLINIAN will be charged THREE DOLLARS per square for each and every insertion, eight lines or less constituting a square.

Advertisements for the INTELLIGENCER will be inserted once in Daily, and charged daily rates for that insertion.

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid for strictly in advance.

The Value of Money.

Value of old issue.	Value of new issue.	Val. new issue.	Value of old issue.
1 00	66⅔	1 00	1 50
2 00	1 33⅓	2 00	3 00
3 00	2 00	3 00	4 50
4 00	2 66⅔	4 00	6 00
5 00	3 33⅓	5 00	7 50
10 00	6 66⅔	10 00	15 00
15 00	10 00	15 00	22 00
20 00	13 33⅓	20 00	30 00
25 00	16 66⅔	25 00	37 50
30 00	20 00	30 00	45 00
35 00	23 33⅓	35 00	52 50
40 00	26 66⅔	40 00	60 00
45 00	30 00	45 00	67 50
50 00	33 33⅓	50 00	75 00
55 00	36 66⅔	55 00	82 50
60 00	40 00	60 00	90 00
65 00	43 33⅓	65 00	97 50
70 00	46 66⅔	70 00	105 00
75 00	50 00	75 00	112 50
80 00	53 33⅓	80 00	120 00
85 00	56 66⅔	85 00	127 50
90 00	60 00	90 00	135 00
95 00	63 33⅓	95 00	142 50
100 00	66 66⅔	100 00	150 00

SYNOPSIS OF FUNDING SCHEME OF CURRENCY BILL AS TO STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—*Non-Interest Bearing* $100 *Notes.* Receivable for public dues before April 1st, 1864, at par; from and after April 1st, 1864, not receivable at all, but

FUNDABLE IN FOUR PER CENT. BONDS

Before 1st April, 1864, at par.
From 1st to last day of April, inc., at 66⅔
From 1st to last day of May, inc., at 56⅔
From 1st to last day of June, inc., at 46⅔
From 1st to last day of July, inc., at 36⅔
From 1st to last day of Aug., inc., at 26⅔
From 1st to last day of Sept., inc., at 16⅔
Swept away by monthly tax, Oct. inc., at 6⅔

Any non-interest bearing $100 notes held on the first of January, 1865, are taxed 100 per cent., thus destroying every vestige of value.

THE
REPORTER'S DICTIONARY,
BASED ON PHONOGRAPHY.

IN PRESS and shortly to be published, a book with the above title, prepared by the subscriber, who has had nearly 20 years practice in Phonographic writing, having been at one time employed as an official reporter in the United States Senate, and, who has been for the last seventeen months, and is now, reporter of the Atlanta Intelligencer.

The Dictionary will contain indications, by means of a simple nomenclature, for writing with Phonographic letters, about 20,000 words of the English language, of ninety-nine one-hundreths of those in common use—the remaining words being easily written after these are learned.

In the Introduction to the Dictionary, simple instruction will be given for beginners of the study of Phonography, with lithographed illustrations, prepared by one of the best artists in the Confederacy. The object of the publication is to make a STANDARD for Confederate Reporters, and to render it possible for the much coveted and beautiful art of Reporting, to be learned even without the aid of a teacher.

As the work will be expensive, new type having been procured expressly for it, only a small edition will be issued. Those who desire copies are requested to send to the author their orders at once, (to be recorded,) accompanied with the price of the same, which will be five dollars per copy. The book in paper cover, and suitable for use, will be sent to all subscribers, by mail, without additional expense.

A. E. MARSHALL,
dtf Augusta, Ga.

J. G. GODFREY,
WHOLESALE, RETAIL
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Keeps Cotton Yarns For Sale.
Fayetteville, N. C.
199-tf

H. McMILLAN
Auctioneer and
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
June 10-3m*

CLAIMS
Of Deceased Officers and Soldiers.

WILSON, N. C. June 20th, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been appointed a Commissioner to investigate, collect and pay over to the parties entitled thereto, all claims for bount arrearages of pay and allowances, due to the representatives of deceased officers and soldiers from this State.

The parties entitled are: first, the widow of the deceased, if any, if there be no widow then, secondly, the child or children, if there be such, if there be neither widow or children then, thirdly, the father, if there be neither widow, child, children or father then, fourthly, the mother of the deceased, and in default of all of these then, fifthly, the executor or administrator of the deceased.

The claimant or claimants must furnish his, her or their affidavit, and that of one disinterested witness as to the relationship, and in all cases, where the claimant is not the widow, the affidavit must negative the existence of a claimant or claimants of a higher order. The Justice of the Peace, before whom the affidavit is subscribed must certify to the credibility of the witness, and Clerk of the County Court must certify, under the seal of the Court, that he is a Justice of the Peace.

If the claimant or claimants be a child or children of the deceased, and he, she or they be minors, the claim must be propounded by his, her or their guardian, and the fact of his being guardian must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

When the claim is made by an executor or administrator, the fact of the executorship or administratorship must be certified to, under seal by the County Court Clerk.

All of these papers should be sent in duplicate.

Any person directly interested will be furnished, upon application to me, with a proper form of these papers in full; a copy of which, for the greater convenience of parties, will be forwarded as soon as may be practicable to each County Court Clerk.

This commission is intended to facilitate the collection of these claims, and save the claimants all expense.

Parties interested may materially aid me in the investigation of their claims, if at the time of forwarding their papers to me, they will inform me of the date of the death of the deceased, where he died, was killed, whether or not they or any one for them, have received the personal effects which deceased had with him at the time of his death, and whether or not the deceased (if a non commissioned officer or private,) had ever received the State's bounty.

It is very desirable that all claims should be forwarded at as early a day as may be practicable. In all cases, give the claimants' Post Office and County in full.

JNO. A. STANLY,
123-tf Commissioner.

TO THE FRIENDS OF THE SOLDIERS throughout the Confederacy.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL DEPARTMENT.
RAILROAD BUREAU.
RICHMOND, Feb. 20th, 1864.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY, to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the express company, the following instructions must be observed:

Packages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured, and plainly marked, and sent at the expense of the shipper to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations which are located as follows:

In North Carolina, at Raleigh; in South Carolina, at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery; or at any other point at which one of these Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will there take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond, who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else; and in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise, the several Railroad Companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assumes all responsibility of the transportation of those packages the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their Agents who have heretofore acted as travelling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of these armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the Army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS,
Lieut. Col. and Quartermaster.
Approved.
S. R. Lawton, Quartermaster Gen.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO.,
AUGUSTA, GA., Feb 20, 1864.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY hereby notify the friends and relative of Soldiers in the Army of Northern Va., and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card and that they will do all in her power to fulfil its requirements.

JAMES SHUTER,
Gen'l Sup't. & Acting Pres't So. Exp. Co
may 0-tf.

ISAAC HOLLINGSWORTH,
Grocer and Commission
MERCHANT,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
196-tf

MISTRESS AND MAID.

JUST RECIEVED a few more copies of that excellent NOVEL at
No. 17, Market Square

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.
CORRECTED BY J. W. LETT.
Oct. 25, 1864.

Bacon	5 50 @ 6 00	₩ lb
Pork	2 00 @ 2 50	₩ lb
Lard	— — @ 5 50	₩ lb
Beef	1 50 @ 2 00	₩ lb
Beeswax	4 25 @ — —	₩ lb
Butter	— — @ 6 50	₩ lb
Cotton	1 75 @ — —	₩ lb
Coffee	15 00	₩ lb
Cotton Yarn	2 25 @ 40	₩ bunch.
Dried Fruit ... Apples & Peaches	75	$1 ₩ bu
Eggs	3 00 @ — —	₩ doz @
Extract Logwood	$5 @ $6	₩ lb
Flour	$225 @ 250	₩ barrel
Flaxseed	12 50 @ 13 00	₩ bushel
Fodder	$8 00 @ 10 00	₩ hundred
Hay	8 00	₩ hundred.
Shucks	$6 50	₩ hundred
Grain—Corn	$— — @ 20 00	₩ bushel
Wheat	$35 00	₩ bushel
Rye	15 00 @ $— 00	₩ bushel
Oats	5 00 @ $10 00	₩ bushel
Peas	17 50 @ 20 00	₩ bushel
Hides—Green	2 50 @ 3 00	₩ lb
Dry	5 50 @ 6 00	₩ lb
Iron—Swedes	3 50 @ 4 50	₩ lb
Leather—Upper	25 00	₩ lb
Sole	18 00	₩ lb
Liquors—Corn Whiskey	50 00	₩ gallon
Apple and Peach Brandy	50 00	₩ gallon
Molasses	$15 20 00	₩ gallon
Nails	3 50 @ 4 00	₩ lb
Onions	20 00 @ 25 00	₩ bushel
Potatoes—Irish	$— @ 15 00	₩ bushel
Sweet	$— —@ 10 00	₩ bushel
Rice	65@75	₩ lb
Sugar	10	₩ lb
Soap	Family Bar 2 00	₩ lb
Tow et	5 00	₩ lb
Spirits Turpentine	3 00	₩ gal.
Fayetteville 4-4 Sheeting	2 50 @ 3 25	₩ Yard
Salt	$— 00 @ 40	₩ bushel
Tallow	4 00 @ — 00	₩ lb
Wool	$6 00 @ 8 00	₩ lb

THE
ILLUSTRATED MERCURY!
ILLUSTRATED MERCURY!

THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
OF THE SOUTH!
OF THE SOUTH!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
A SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL!
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
EVERY SATURDAY,
EVERY SATURDAY,
HAS A LARGER
HAS A LARGER
AND
MORE TALENTED
MORE TALENTED
CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS
CORPS OF CONTRIBUTORS
THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED
THAN WAS EVER BEFORE ENGAGED
IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR
IN ACTUALLY WRITING FOR
ANY AMERICAN PAPER!
ANY AMERICAN PAPER!
BRILLIANT, CHARMING,
BRILLIANT, CHARMING,
AND THRILLING
AND THRILLING
WITH ROMANCES,
WITH ROMANCES,
SKETCHES,
SKETCHES,
TALES
TALES
OF
REAL
REAL
LIFE,
LIFE,
POETRY,
POETRY,
HISTORY,
HISTORY,
BIOGRAPHY,
BIOGRAPHY,
NOVELETTES,
NOVELETTES,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
ESSAYS, CRITICISMS,
WITICISMS MISCELLANY,
WITICISMS, MISCELLANY,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
OF THE WAR AND ITS HEROES,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
INCLUDING TRANSLATIONS,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
FROM THE GERMAN, FRENCH,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
AND OTHER LANGUAGES,
A HOME JOURNAL FOR
THE HOUSEHOLD!
AN ORNAMENT
FOR THE PARLOR.
A SOLDIER'S
PAPER FOR
THE CAMP.
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COMPANION.
PLEASANT READING
FOR EVERYBODY.
A RICH CASKET OF
POLITE SOUTHERN LITERATURE!

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The Trade supplied at $25 per hundred.
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oprietor, Raleigh, N. C.
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Wanted.
200,000 FEET OF 1¼ & 1 INCH LUMBER, 12 inch. wide.
Apply
CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

TELEGRAPHIC

Reported by the Press Association, 1864

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States, for the Northern District of Georgia

FROM LEE'S ARMY.
OFFICIAL FROM GEN. LEE.
Fighting Still Going On!
SEVERAL ATTACKS REPULSED.

RICHMOND, Oct 28.—An official dispatch from General Lee, last night, says the enemy crossed Bonant's Creek, below Borges' Mills, and forced back our cavalry. In the afternoon Heth attacked and at first drove them, but found them in too strong force. Afterwards the enemy attacked our lines but were repulsed. They still held the Plank road at Borges' Mill. Heth took some colors and prisoners.—The movement of the enemy against our left to day was repulsed. Two attacks upon our lines were made—one between Henrico Poor House and the Charles City road, and the other on the Williamsburg road. Several hundred prisoners and a stand of colors were captured. Our loss very slight.

On the 27th, Col. Mosby, near Bunker Hill, captured Brig. Gen. Duffie and several other prisoners, a number of horses and killed a number of the enemy. He sustained no loss.

FIGHTING AROUND PETERSBURG —NO DECISIVE RESULTS.

PETERSBURG, Oct. 28th.—Last night about dark the enemy charged our works on the Boxton road, capturing a small portion of them, from which, however, they were subsequently dislodged, with the loss of about a dozen prisoners. Our loss small. Lt. Cols. Harrison and Wise, of Wise's Brigade, were captured by the enemy.

About 10 o'clock last night the enemy charged our works on the Jerusalem Plank road, capturing a part of our picket line and driving in the rest of it. About 12 o'clock, however, this part of the line was re-established.

In the fight yesterday evening, on the Boyton Plank road, below here, three battle flags were captured from the enemy.

About 200 prisoners were taken yesterday. Nothing heard from below this morning. The enemy's cavalry are on the road towards the Southside Railroad.

FROM THE FRONT.—The Columbus Enquirer has the annexed news from the front:

The latest accounts seem to show that Hood's advance has induced Sherman to move up still nearer to Chattanooga.—The latest movements of our army are not certainly known or fully understood. There is, however, nothing confirmatory of the yankee report that it is 'falling back.' Whether its march is still to be onward, even into Tennessee, or whether it will go into winter quarters conveniently near its new base, remains for the future to disclose.

The late movement has effectually relieved Middle and Western Georgia of the immediate pressure of war; and though the Yankees still maintain a garrison at Atlanta, it is retaining its hold by a tenure, every day slackening, and which must soon be entirely broken, without some altogether improbable occurrence.

It is stated that Gen. Beauregard left Jacksonville a few days since, but his destination is conjectural. Some say that he was about to cross the Tennessee river. It is not likely, however, that his intentions were known outside of high consulting officers. The place of the two armies for the winter, must soon be developed by their acts, and until we have such manifestation, speculation would be idle.

WOODEN LEGS.—It is stated that a single Eastern leg factory has leased eight square miles of forrest in Maine, for the purpose of obtaining supplies of timber for the manufacture of the artificial limb. All kinds are turned out, from the flesh colored and silver plated prop for the General, down to the rough, unpainted stump for the private soldier.

☞ Subscribe for the CAROLINIAN.

THE CELESTIAL ARMY.

BY O. W. HOLMES.

I stood by the open casement,
And looked upon the night,
And saw the westward going stars
Pass slowly out of sight.

Slowly as the bright procession
Went down the gleaming arch,
And my soul discerned the music
Of the long triumphal march.

Till the great celestial army,
Stretching far beyond the poles,
Became the eternal symbol
Of the mighty, march of souls.

Onward, forever onward,
Red Mars led down his clan;
And the moon like a mailed maiden,
Was rising in the van.

And some were bright in beauty,
And some were faint and small,
But these might be in their great heights
The noblest of them all.

Downward, forever downward,
Behind earth's dusky shore,
They pass into the unknown night—
They pass—and were no more.

No more! Oh! say not so!
And downward is not just;
For the sight is weak and the sense is dim
That looks through heated dust.

The stars and the mailed moon,
Though they seem to fall and die,
Still sweep with their embattled lines,
An endless reach of sky.

And though the hills of earth
May hide the bright array,
The marshalled brotherhood of souls
Still keeps its onward way.

Upward, forever upward,
I see their march sublime,
And hear the glorious music
Of the conquerors of time.

And long let me remember
That the palest, fairest one,
May to diviner vision be
A bright and blazing sun

PLANTATION
With Crop, Stock, Wagons, Mules, &c., thereon, late Major John T. Gilmore's, to be sold at Public Auction.

THE above property will be offered for sale on the premises on Tuesday the 29th of November 1864. The Land is in one body, and contains 485 acres nearly all of which is valuable Swamp Land, there being 80 acres well drained, cleared and under cultivation, yielding the best crops of any land in this section of the State. There is also about 200 acres of Swamp Land equally as good as that under cultivation, to be cleared, which may be easily drained, (some of which is already ditched and partly cleared;) the remainder is used for pastures and wood land. The houses and buildings are at a convenient distance from the farming lands above described, on a healthy, high and dry part of the tract, with good water. The buildings are in good repair, including a comfortable dwelling house, convenient and well arranged negro houses; good fences, stables, barn, cribs, lots, guardens, &c. The plantation is 14 miles from Fayetteville, on the East side of the Cape Fear River, about one and a half miles from the River, and embraces what is known as Alligator Swamp, adjoins Johnson and others, and is not very far from the mouth of Cedar Creek and the residence of Mr. J. C. Blocker.

At the same time and place will be offered for sale, the following personal property:
1500 to 2000 bushels of Corn;
The crop of Fodder, Shucks, Peas, &c;
Stock of Cattle, Hogs, Goats, &c;
4 Valuable Mules;
One Sorrel Mare;
One Jennet;
One 4 Horse Wagon; one Timber Cart; with all the Farming Tools and other articles on the premises.
Terms will be made known before sale.
A. J. BYRNE,
A. McLEAN,
E. F. MOORE, } Ex'rs.
Fayetteville, N. C. 222-ts

The Weekly Intelligencer
IS PUBLISHED AT AYETTEVILLE, N. C. on TUESDAY of each week. It is made up from the news contained in the DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN, and will always contain the

VERY LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Having the advantage of the news of the PRESS ASSOCIATION, of which the Daily North Carolinian is a member.

THE MARKETS
Will be fully and carefully reported each day and a true statement of their condition honestly given. We have

SECURED CORRESPONDENTS
In the Armies of Gens. LEE and PICKET, and will always give a faithful and full record of army matters.

POST MASTERS and others are requested to act as AGENTS, and each Agent sending six or more subscribers with the money for six months, will receive the Weekly paper six months gratis.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will not be taken for a longer period than six months; and in no case will the paper be sent until the money is received.

☞ ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for $2 per square of 16 lines for the first, and one dollar for each succeeding publication.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER—Three months, $3 00
" " Six months, 5 00
J. J. SINCLAIR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

THE CAROLINIAN.

P. J. SINCLAIR, Editor.

Office, No. 17 Market Square,

☞ All Marriages, Obituary, Funeral and Estate Notices, Company and Military Orders for Meetings, Drills, &c., Lodge and Society Notices and Summonses, Wants, Losses and Findings, Exhibition and Concert Notices, all country, transient and foreign advertising, of whatsoever nature or character, must be paid for when left at or sent to the office for publication. This arrangement will be strictly enforced. Such cash advertisements, as they appear, will always be marked by an asterisk or star thus (*).

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., OCT. 29, 1864.

☞ Our Subscribers in town will confer a *special favor*, when they fail to get their papers, by informing us immediately of the fact. Of course we cannot know when it occurs unless this be done.

Particular Attention is Called to the Following.—The publishers of this paper desire that their terms be fully understood. *All* subscriptions must be *paid in advance*. Payment must be made at this office, or, if to a collector, ten per cent. additional will be charged. Our Collector will call weekly on delinquents and make collections, when, in *every instance*, the above rule will be adhered to *Collections made every Monday.*

Notice.—C. C. McCrummin, Esq., is our authorized agent to receive moneys and receipt for us in all business matters connected with this office, which relates to subscription and advertising.

Wanted Immediately!

At this Office, one good COMPOSITOR to whom permanent employment and good wages will be given.

There is too little patriotism—too little of that self sacrificing spirit which belongs to, and should be found among a people who are fighting for the glorious privileges of self-government, in these selfish times in which we live. There is too much fondness evinced in the daily life of our people for show and extravagance, and too much greed of gain. How can we expect to obtain our freedom, how can we hope for the glorious boon of independence, how can we look forward to the return of the great blessings which we inherited from our forefathers, unless some mighty change is wrought—some great moral revolution is effected—some unlooked for, unhoped for, unexpected mercy is bestowed by the Almighty power that governs the action of nations as well as men?

Let the prayers of our people ascend—let the note of thanksgiving arise—let the petition for favor and assistance be uttered. Let faith and hope look to that source of all temporal and eternal good, with confidence, and ask that the country may be restored to that morality and honesty, that once were ours and which, when overthrown by the corruptions of bad and ambitious men, who undermined the foundations of society and shook the pillers of our government, till the edifice tottered and staggered, brought on us the wrath with which God has made us feel that he curses our proneness to evil, and our deliberate disobedience of His laws. Some mighty radical reform must be wrought—is actually necessary to our salvation as a people.

Let the malefactor strive to strangle the demon of dishonesty, which is ever prompting him to deeds of rascality. Let the speculator worship Him that is the true God, and destroy the golden calf which he has made his idol. Let there be a healthier, holier, better feeling and action in our relations to one another, and then we may feel assured that the great Judge will award us the victory, and will confound the counsels of our enemies, and defeat them in their plans of wickedness and inhumanity against us and against civilization.

The news from the North side of the James is good enough—the enemy repulsed in his assaults on our lines, and with loss of prisoners.

No doubt there will soon be more news from there, and we would do the noble veterans there injustice—we would be placing too low an estimate on the worth and skill, and wonderful genius of Lee to expect anything else than a triumph.

The ranks of that army have been filled. General Lee has received reinforcements and will receive more, and no fears ought to be entertained of the result, when the issue of battle is joined on the James and Appomattax.

Important Movement.—For the last few days the Macon papers have been boastfully hinting at an important movement that was about to take place in Georgia. Among the rest the *Intell gencer* was particularly jubilant. The article in that journal indicated plainly enough in what direction this movement would be made, but in the Macon correspondence of the Augusta *Register* we find something more definite. The writer says:

While Hood is operating on the State Road in Sherman's rear, and the enemy are looking after him, leaving Atlanta protected by a comparatively small force, a movement is on foot in this part of the country, which will doubtless wrench that city from their hands and make them regret the day they ever saw it. A column of six or ten thousand men thrown rapidly against Atlanta would certainly capture it and its garrison, which is believed to be very small. Where this column is to come from, I can't say—sufficient to know that it will not weaken Hood, and will be commanded by a gallant and skilful general who knows how and when to strike. It will be a death blow to Sherman's Georgia campaign and will teach Yankee impudence a lesson in regard to Southern affairs and Georgia's resolution. Everything for the early poisession of Atlanta looks bright. Let the Atlanta exiles cheer up for they can soon return to their homes and firesides.

The following letter from Hon. George H Pendleton, the Democratic candidate for Vice President, has been received by Hon. John B. Haskin, of the New York Democratic Executive State Committee:

Cincinnati, Oct. 17.

My Dear Sir—I have received your friendly letter. Malignant representations and falsehoods are so frequent in our political struggles, that I have rarely undertaken to correct or refute them. I make no profession of a new faith. I only repeat my reiterated professions of an old one, when I say that there is no one who cherishes a greater regard for the Union, who has a higher sense of its inestimable benefits, who would more earnestly labor for its restoration, by all means which will effect that end, than myself.

The Union is the guaranty of the peace, the power, the prosperity of the people, and no man would deprecate more heartily, or oppose more persistently, the establishment of another Government over any portion of the territory within its limits.

I am in favor of exacting no conditions, insisting upon terms not prescribed in the Constitution, and I am opposed to any course of policy which will defeat the re-establishment of the Government upon its old foundation and in its territorial integrity.

I am, very truly, yours, &c.,

George H. Pendleton.

To John B. Haskin, New York.

East Tennessee.—A friend has favored the Charlotte *Bulletin* with the perusal of letters from officers in our army in Southwestern Virginia and East Tennessee, from which it has been permitted to make the following extracts:

Liberty, Va., Oct. 18.

* * * General Vaughn's troops have left for Tennessee, and are moving in the direction of Knoxville. If, as some expect, Forrest moves up the East Tennessee and Georgia railroad, his and Vaughn's forces combined will be able to take that place.

Bristol, Tenn., Oct. 18.

* * * * Our prospects for retaking and occupying East Tennessee are better than at any time since we gave up the country.

Butler's Canal.—This great work, or the completion of which Grant and the Yankee army and navy are waiting, drags slowly. The cutting through the neck of land known as Dutch gap, is of itself a big job; but this done, but half of the work towards making the canal is, if we are correctly informed, accomplished. It is said the channel of James river where it passes the gap runs near the southern shore. If this be the case, when Butler shall have done his digging, the labor of constructing a breakwater to turn the stream through his canal will still be before him. Before all this is done the snow and ice of winter will be upon him, and the present fixed position of the hostile armies will indeed have become a dead lock.

Sherman's Army.—Official reports have been published at the North, showing that on the 1st of May, the strength of Sherman's army was about 90,000 men and 254 pieces of artillery. Including all the reinforcements received, it now numbers about 55,000, showing a loss of, at least, 44,000 men in less than six months. Sherman estimated Johnston's army at 45 to 50,000. Thus it is seen that in capturing Atlanta, Sherman has lost as many men as he supposed were in the Confederate army opposed to him, and now he has to fight that army in order to keep his communications open. Verily, the road to Atlanta has been a hard one, and the road from there will probably be worse.

Terible Calamity.—Six thousand persons were recently crushed to death by the falling of a church at St. Petersburg.

Miscellaneous Items.

We learn from the Danville Register that a laboratory has been established at that place by the Ordnance Department, which is daily turning out a large number of cartridges, and that the work is done mostly by females.

General Rousseau reports that Forrest has escaped him by crossing the Tennessee on flatboats above and below Florence, on the 6th instant, while he (Rousseau) was detained by high water in Shoal creek and Elk river.

The Watchman learns that General J. G Martin has been ordered to make his headquarters at Salisbury, and that he will accordingly move in a day or two.

A young man having been drowned in the Illinois river a short time ago, his father and some friends fired a cannon over the water to raise the body. The cannon burst and killed the father.

It was reported in Memphis on the 8th that Rousseau was to be removed, and that Wilson was to be sent from the Virginia army, to command the cavalry in Sherman's army.

Two young ladies in Henderson, Ky., recently dressed themselves in male attire, and rode through the town in regular guerilla style, scaring the timid citizens dreadfully.

The total circulation of the notes of the Bank of England, the private banks and joint stock banks of the United Kingdom was, on the 23d of July last, about $185,000,000.

It is estimated that the present population of New Orleans is larger that at any other time in its history at this season of the year.

The Republican procession in Washington, Saturday night, burnt the McClellan flag hanging from the Democratic Club House.

A gentleman just out from Kentucky, states that the Yankees concede that Price has received 35,000 reinforcements in Missouri.

The Augusta Register says if Hood is operating against Sherman's rear, it is only what every honest boot in the land should have done long ago.

Three hundred Federal officers have been transferred from the military prison at Salisbury, N. C., to Danville, Va., where they have taken quarters in brick tobacco factories; and several hundred privates have been sent from Danville to Salisbury.

The King of Oude possesses a fortune of five million dollars. He has not stirred out of his palace for ten years, and spends his time in collecting beautiful birds for his aviary, and beautiful girls for another sort of his harem. He is a lazy rascal, and a great glutton and a prince.

General Ramseur.—The death of this gallant young officer, says the Petersburg *Express*, has reached us through an official dispatch from Sherman, published in the Northern journals of the 21st. He died on the morning of Friday, the 20th, from a wound in the bowels. We are not surprised at this melancholy result, since physicians have always been of the opinion, that not one in a thousand similarly wounded, ever recover.

The loss of Gen. Ramseur will be severely felt. He has always sustained a high reputation in the army, and good officers can now be ill spared, after the loss of so many. General Ramseur was a native of North Carolina, and possessed a thorough military education, having graduated at West Point with distinction.—He had not attained to his 30th year, but had made for himself a name which will keep his memory fresh in the recollection of all who admire patriotism and gallant deeds.

The Montgomery Mail of Sunday publishes the following:

The notices which have reached us during the last few days from the front in regard to the operations on the Georgia State road are still confirmed. They have no doubt of the success of Gen. Hood's movement as far as it has gone. Our information upon most of the points involved has proven quite correct, as we have no additions or corrections to make to our statement and opinions already published.

The departure of Gen. Beauregard from Jacksonville, with other movements of a character not prudent to be named, convey the impression that our march is still onward and we have the best possible reason for believing that certain of our speculations, which ail it to find the favor they deserved, will yet be verified as to the crossing of the Tennesse river.

The whereabouts of Sherman is not precisely known. A portion of his army is at Kingston. A large portion is thought to be near Rome. Scouts report he himself was in Chattanooga on the 13th.

Another Yankee Murder.—A gentleman who left Atlanta a few days ago, reports that a man by the name of Larkin Smith was suspected by the enemy of having been concerned in the burning of the bridge burners in 1862. He was twice arranged and tried, but by some means came out clear both times. He afterwards started for our lines, and had nearly reached Rough and Ready when he was overtaken by a fleet man and carried back to Atlanta, where he was soon afterwards hung.

Sheridan's Last Official Falsehood—He Amends his Former Dispatches.—Fifteen hundred Yankee wounded from the fight at Cedar creek have arrived at Martinsburg, and according to Stanton's ballet in, fifteen hundred prisoners! The same dignified and truthful document announces that "General Custer arrived at Washington this afternoon with ten rebel battle-flags displayed from the railroad engine. The following is Sheridan's last official dispatch, which the reader will do well to remember comes from a General that has just fallen back behind Cedar creek for safety:

Cedar Creek, Virginia,
October 21—4 P. M.

Lieutenant-General U. S. Grant, City Point:

I pursued the routed forces of the enemy nearly to Mount Jackson which point, he reached during the night of the 19th and 20th without an organized regiment of his army. From the accounts of our prisoners who have escaped, and citizens, the rout was complete.

About two thousand of the enemy broke and made their way down through the mountain on the left.

For ten miles on the line of retreat, the road and country were covered with small arms, thrown away by the flying rebels, and other debris.

Forty eight pieces of captured artillery are now at my headquarters.

I think that no less than three hundred wagons and ambulances were either captured or destroyed.

The accident of the morning turned to our advantage as much as if the whole movement had been planned.

The only regret I have is the capture, in the early morning, of from eight hundred to one thousand of our men.

I am now sending to the War Department ten battle flags.

The loss of artillery in the morning was seven from Crook, eleven from Emory, six from Wright.

From all that I can learn, I think that Early's reinforcements could not be less than twelve thousand men.

P. H Sheridan,
Major-General Commanding.

The Capture and Destruction of the New York Steamer Roanoke.—The following is the statement of the capture of the Roanoke as gleaned by Captain Pelper, of the brigantine Mathilde, from Captain Drew:

The Roanoke left Havana for New York on her regular day. She proceeded on her course until evening in the usual manner, without anything remarkable occurring. Captain Drew retired to his cabin about 10 o'clock P. M.

At that time a number of the passengers were assembled aft, singing; suddenly, several men, armed with pistols entered the Captain's cabin, and in a moment he found himself handcuffed. Others of the same party, meanwhile, adopted similar measures in other parts of the ship, and in a few minutes she was completely in possession of her captors.

Only two shots were fired. One took effect on the carpenter of the vessel, who offering resistance, was shot dead.

The captors, having gained possession, at once shaped the course of the vessel for Bermuda.

On arriving off the island, they did not attempt to enter the harbor, but waited for a passing vessel, by which they could get rid of their crew and passengers—fifty of the former and thirty of the latter. The former were mostly Spaniards.

The Roanoke had but little freight, but she had on board $40,000 to $50,000, partly specie and paper.

She had but very little coal on board when the transfer took place.

After the Matilde reached Bermuda with her passengers, a party from the Roanoke arrived there in boats, she, as previously reported, having been set on fire and burned.

Gen. Breckinridge the Hero of the Saltville Victory.—The following magnanimous letter from General Echols to the editors of the Lynchburg *Republican*, explains to the public the fact that Maj. Gen. Breckinridge is entitled to the honor of having so badly whipped the enemy under Burbridge, at Saltville, a few days since:

Abingdon, October 6, 1864

Gents—In your paper of the 5th instant, you speak of the late fight at Saltville as if it had been constructed by me. It is proper that I should state that in this you are mistaken, and that I had before that period been relieved of the command of this department, to which that distinguished officer, General Breckinridge, was ordered and of which he had taken the command, greatly to my gratification, for I know that in his hands the great interests of this portion of the Confederacy will be entirely safe. While I thank you for the kind terms in which you have spoken of me, yet I beg that you will make the proper correction in this matter, as an act of justice both to Gen. Breckinridge and myself. Your mistake no doubt was caused by the publication of a dispatch to General Kemper which was not intended for the public. I have a great horror of appearing in the papers in my own name, and I will thank you to make the correction in such manner as shall appear most proper to you.

I am very truly etc.,

John Echols, Brig. Gen'l.

It is stated that nine hundred and seven female employees are going to India to assist in the English telegraph department.

The Macon *Confederacy*, received yesterday, brings us the glad tidings that there is but little sickness in Hood's army, no straggling, except in a forward direction, and everybody cheerful. One would scarce recognize the army, so jubulant has it become. The line of march presents many features that would bring a smile to the gravest face. The soldiers are leaping over each others heads, resembling in their actions more a parcel of happy boys turned loose from school, with satchel and book, than war worn veterans going to meet the foe. God protect their lives, and give them a signal and decisive victory over their country's enemies.

The sections through which they have lately passed abounded with good things to eat, and in the greatest abundance. At Cedar Town the farmers actually quarrelsd with each other as to who should sell the army corn. As the army rose an eminence overlooking Cedar Valley, a greasy butternut at the head of the column was heard to exclaim—"Savre, h—ll! there's corn enough to feed the Confederacy."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST.

ON YESTEDRAY, between Mr. Stokely's and the Arsenal, a dark brown purse, containing a $5 Gold piece, three $20 bills (new issue,) and some small bills. The inside of the purse was marked "W. T. TAYLOR." The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this Office.

229-1t* WM. TAYLOR.

Brown Windsor Soap,

A LARGE LOT JUST RECEIVED at
229-1t No. 17, Market Square.

Brower's Flour.

FOR SALE by the barrel or retail. Also Tobacco, Salt, &c., at
ISAAC HOLLINGSWORTH'S.
229 3t

Now is the time to Pay your

Taxes, 4 per cent Certificates in sums to suit purchasers, can be had if immediate application be made at this office. 249-1t*

Fayetteville Arsenal and Armory.
Q. M. Office, Oct. 27th, 1864.

ALL PERSONS having claims against the Q. M. Department, at this Post, are requested to notify me of the amount of their claim as soon as possible.

JOHN L. HOLMES,
228 4t Capt. & A. A. Q. M.
Observer copy weekly and semi-weekly 1t.

CARD NOTICE.

THERE is now ready to be issued from this Department to the different counties in the State, a lot of **Cotton and Wool Cards.** This lot of Cards will be sent to the Agents, with Backs ready for tacking the Cards on, and be sold at $22.50 per pair to the citizens generally; in no instance is more than one pair to be sold to a family. These Cards are not intended for the families of soldiers. This Department is having a large lot back ready for use, which will be sent out and sold to the families of soldiers as fast as they can be made, at a much less price. Agents are requested to make arrangements and call for them.

H. A. DOWD, A. Q. M.

224-6t

☞ State papers copy: Dailies six times, others four times and forward bill to Major Dowd.

Vick Emanual.

THIS celebrated Horse will stand this, the Fall season, at Fayetteville, N. C., commencing the 10th of October and ending the 10th December, and will be let to Mares at the reduced price of $15 in specie or three barrels of corn, or the market price of the corn or specie in Confederate money, when due, by the insurance. Those who wish to turn by the season will be charged two-thirds of the insurance, with $5 to the Groom in every instance, who is a good groom and will take all possible care to prevent accidents, but I will not be liable for any that may occur. The insurance money to be due as soon as the fact is ascertained that the mare is in foal, and that for the season at the end of the season. Change of property forfeits the insurance. Those putting to this horse are requested to send their Mares regularly every tenth day.

He will stand at the subscriber's stables, east of the Market, and for further convenience of patrons, where there can be classes of six Mares made up, will be met at a distance of not more than ten or twelve miles from town.

PEDIGREE.

Vick Emanual is a thorough bred St. Lawrence; was purchased in Canada by Capt. Latham, one of the best judges of stock in the State, at a cost of $3,500 in gold and shipped to Eastern North Carolina in the spring of 1860, at 4 years old. This horse having been purchased by the present owner about ten days ago, his full pedigree is not to hand, but will be given in full as soon as it is forwarded.—He is celebrated for being the finest blooded Horse in the State.

DESCRIPTION.

Vick Emanual was eight years old last spring, medium size, fine form and well proportioned, coal black. As to style, fleetness and durability in harness, he has no equal, having been matched by the fastest horses in the State and never beaten. He now challenges the Confederacy for style and fleetness in harness. This is a rare chance, if you wish traveling stock.

REUBEN JONES, Agent.

P. S. Mares sent from a distance will be turned on good grazing lots, and pasturage free of charge.

Oct. 18-219tf

WALTER WATSON,
GUN, PISTOL MAKER AND Machinist.

Guns and Pistols made and Repaired with Dispatch.

MEMBERS of Reserves and Home Guards can have their arms repaired at half price. All kinds of Machine work done.

Hay Mount, Fayetteville, N. C., opposite the residence of E. J. Hale, Esq.

205 1m

WANTED.

A SMALL amount of GOLD. The highest market price paid at
227-1t No. 17, Market Square.